

**UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA**

**AN AUTOMATED MULTIMODAL  
WHITE MATTER  
HYPERINTENSITIES  
IDENTIFICATION IN MRI BRAIN  
IMAGES USING IMAGE  
PROCESSING**

**IZA SAZANITA BINTI ISA**

Thesis submitted in fulfillment  
of the requirements for the degree of  
**Doctor Of Philosophy**  
**(Electrical Engineering)**

**Faculty of Electrical Engineering**

**February 2018**

## **CONFIRMATION BY PANEL OF EXAMINERS**

I certify that a panel of examiners has met on 14 February 2018 to conduct the final examination of Iza Sazanita Isa on her **Doctor of Philosophy** thesis entitled “An Automated Multimodal White Matter Hyperintensities Identification In MRI Brain Images Using Image Processing” in accordance with Universiti Teknologi MARA Act 1976 (Akta 173). The Panel of Examiners recommends that the student be awarded the relevant degree. The panel of Examiners was as follows:

Muhammad Murtadha Othman, PhD  
Associate Professor  
Faculty of Electrical Engineering  
Universiti Teknologi MARA  
(Chairman)

Ahmad Ihsan Mohd Yassin, PhD  
Senior Lecturer  
Faculty of Electrical Engineering  
Universiti Teknologi MARA  
(Internal Examiner)

Herlina Abdul Rahim, PhD  
Associate Professor  
School of Electrical and Electronics Engineering  
Universiti Sains Malaysia  
(External Examiner)

Mohammed Zaki Khedher, PhD  
Professor  
Department of Electrical Engineering,  
Faculty of Engineering and Technology, Jordan University  
(International Examiner)

**PROF SR DR HJ ABDUL HADI  
HAJI NAWAWI**  
Dean  
Institute of Graduates Studies  
Universiti Teknologi MARA  
Date : 27 February 2018

## AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this thesis was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the results of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This thesis has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any degree or qualification.

I, hereby, acknowledge that I have been supplied with the Academic Rules and Regulations for Post Graduate, Universiti Teknologi MARA, regulating the conduct of my study and research.

Name of Student : Iza Sazanita Binti Isa

Student I.D. No. : 2014654524

Programme : Doctor of Philosophy in Electrical Engineering –  
EE950

Faculty : Electrical Engineering

Thesis Title : An Automated Multimodal White Matter  
Hyperintensities Identification in MRI Images using  
Image Processing

Signature of Student : .....

Date : February 2018

## ABSTRACT

White matter hyperintensities (WMH) are associated with cognitive impairment, risk of stroke and risk of dementia and a common finding in magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) images. Early detection of WMH is important for clinical analysis on effective prevention planning by medical authorities. WMH delineation on MRI images manually identified by experienced radiologists commonly uses visual score. However, the manual method is time-consuming, tedious, labour-intensive and inter-variability. Recently, research on fully automated WMH identification that aims to overcome the problems of manual delineation has attracted a lot of attention. This research proposes a method for automatic detection of WMH in white matter (WM) tissue for MRI images. A multimodal image processing which combines segmentation and enhancement procedure is proposed to process different MRI image weighted which are T2-weighted imaging (T2-WI) and fluid-attenuated inversion recovery (FLAIR). Generally, the proposed automated identification system is divided into three stages namely first, second and third stages respectively. The first stage is preprocessing procedure that combines the thresholding and filtering algorithm for pre processing the MRI images while the second stage contains two phases of main processing techniques of enhancement and segmentation. This research proposes a new enhancement technique based on the Adaptive Histogram Equalization (AHE) method. Meanwhile, the segmentation phase utilizes the two-tier segmentation to segregate brain tissues into WM, GM, CSF and WMH. A new method to initialize the clustering centers was also proposed to improve the results of segmentation. The last stage is post processing where the integration process for mapping the potential WMH obtainable from the segmentation and enhancement stage is proposed to localize the most precise WMH. In parallel, the automated performance and manual delineation for WMH identification is validated to determine the degree of similarity between both the methods. In addition, this research also proposes to classify the WMH severity based on the features of segmented WMH. In the WMH classification stage, the research considered two types of WMH features of volume and intensities to classify the severity. Finally, a software system that utilized the best of above mentioned methods is proposed to perform the automated WMH detection. Overall, the software provides good ability in identifying and classifying various loads of WMH. The software managed to achieve high capability to automatically identify WMH loads as closed as the manually delineated WMH by radiologist with more than 70% correlation. The software also showed high sensitivity on detection WMH given by TPR and PPV of 77% and 75% respectively. These findings suggest the potential use of this software as aided tool for radiologist in detecting WMH, especially to predict patients with higher risk of several chronic diseases.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
<b>CONFIRMATION BY PANEL OF EXAMINERS</b>	<b>ii</b>
<b>AUTHOR’S DECLARATION</b>	<b>iii</b>
<b>ABSTRACT</b>	<b>iv</b>
<b>ACKNOWLEDGEMENT</b>	<b>v</b>
<b>TABLE OF CONTENTS</b>	<b>vi</b>
<b>LIST OF TABLES</b>	<b>ii</b>
<b>LIST OF FIGURES</b>	<b>iv</b>
<b>LIST OF SYMBOLS</b>	<b>xi</b>
<b>LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS</b>	<b>xiii</b>
<b><i>CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION</i></b>	<b><i>1</i></b>
1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 WMH Identification and Evaluation	2
1.3 Problem Statement	3
1.4 Objectives	5
1.5 Scope of Research	6
1.6 Thesis Layout	7
<b><i>CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW</i></b>	<b><i>10</i></b>
2.1 Introduction	10
2.2 Brain White Matter Lesions	12
2.2.1 Changes and Effect of White Matter Volume	13
2.2.2 Conventional Delineation of WM Lesions	14
2.2.3 Advances in the Delineation of White Matter Lesions	15
2.2.4 Issues and Challenge in Delineation of White Matter Lesions	17
2.3 Medical Image Processing	20
2.3.1 MRI Image Processing	20